

Part 1: Listening comprehension

ULURU: EXPLORING THE HEART AND SPIRIT OF AUSTRALIA

In this radio programme you are going to hear some new words. Read and listen to them. Make sure you know what they mean.

sandstone: pedra arenosa / piedra arenisca

layers: capes / capas

tilted: inclinat / inclinado

hue: tonalitat / tonalidad

Ready?

Now read the questions on the following page. Read them carefully before listening to the radio programme.

[Now listen to the interview.]

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QUESTIONS

Choose the best answer according to the recording. Only ONE answer is correct.

[3 points: 0.375 points for each correct answer. Wrong answers will be penalized by deducting 0.125 points. There is no penalty for unanswered questions.]

		Espai per a la correcció		
		Correcta	Incorrecta	No contestada
1.	Why is Uluru considered sacred by the Anangu people? <input type="checkbox"/> It is made of a rare type of sandstone. <input type="checkbox"/> It holds deep connections to their Tjukurpa, or belief system. <input type="checkbox"/> It is the deepest natural formation in Australia. <input type="checkbox"/> It was used as a meeting point for caretakers.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2.	Why do the Anangu discourage ascending Uluru? <input type="checkbox"/> It poses significant risks to visitors. <input type="checkbox"/> They encourage exploring other cultural experiences instead. <input type="checkbox"/> They think it violates the sacred meaning of the site. <input type="checkbox"/> There are no established trails to follow.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.	According to Chris Wood, how did Uluru form? <input type="checkbox"/> In the same way as the Himalayas. <input type="checkbox"/> Through the erosion of a mountain range. <input type="checkbox"/> Through the petrification of an ancient sea. <input type="checkbox"/> From the gradual accumulation of desert sand.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4.	Why is Uluru red? <input type="checkbox"/> It contains copper minerals. <input type="checkbox"/> The sandstone oxidizes when in contact to the air. <input type="checkbox"/> It is actually grey, not red. <input type="checkbox"/> The soil around it stains the rock.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5.	When is the worst time to visit Uluru? <input type="checkbox"/> December to February. <input type="checkbox"/> June to August. <input type="checkbox"/> March to May. <input type="checkbox"/> September to November.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6.	What safety precautions are important when visiting Uluru? <input type="checkbox"/> Avoiding interactions with local wildlife. <input type="checkbox"/> Drinking water and using sun protection. <input type="checkbox"/> Hiring a ranger or tour guide. <input type="checkbox"/> Avoiding travel in the winter months.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7.	What does the Uluru Cultural Center offer visitors? <input type="checkbox"/> Accommodation for overnight stays. <input type="checkbox"/> Guided tours of the rock base. <input type="checkbox"/> Insights into Anangu culture. <input type="checkbox"/> Spiritual support.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8.	What surprises visitors about Uluru's surroundings? <input type="checkbox"/> The absence of vegetation. <input type="checkbox"/> The many caves, waterholes, and wildlife. <input type="checkbox"/> The availability of tourist shops and restaurants. <input type="checkbox"/> The lack of walking paths around the base.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Correctes	Incorrectes	No contestades
Recompte de les respostes		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Nota de comprensió oral		<input type="text"/>		